

**Issue:** The provision of free universal health care

**Council:** World Health Organization

**Main submitter:** Denmark

**Co-submitter:** India, Austria, Mauritania, Brazil, Russia

**Preambulatory Clauses:**

1. Fully alarmed by the gargantuan number of 1.3 billion people living in extreme poverty without any healthcare whatsoever,
2. Acknowledging that The United Nations Sustainable Development Goals that all UN Member States have agreed to try to achieve Universal Health Coverage by 2030,
3. Reaffirming the importance of free universal healthcare and its effect on the betterment of societies and the shaping of future generations,

**Operative Clauses:**

1. Further invites the WHO to form a non-profit organization to provide free healthcare to the citizens in need
  - a. The organization will be funded by the willing member nations of the world health organization
    - i. Those who join will have the advantage of the aid of the organization
  - b. A specific percentage of a member's revenue from their GDP may be donated towards the organization;
2. Calls upon increasing healthcare facilities in developing countries
  - a. This allows the public to have greater access to medical treatment
  - b. Medical clinics (which are specialized) should be constructed
    - i. Medical equipment can be donated by sponsors;
3. Encourages the establishment of public-private partnerships
  - a. Public-private partnerships are relationships built between private sectors and the government
    - i. This allows private sectors to assist in expanding opportunities for quality health care
    - ii. This also lowers the financial burden of the government on the expenses of healthcare
  - b. Private sectors should engage in various strategies and take initiative
    - i. Promote employment opportunities for the locals
    - ii. Encourages best corporate ethics;
4. Requests the creation of flat taxes on income of 7%

- a. This will give the government additional revenue
  - i. it can use this to pay for the expenses of healthcare for its citizens
  - ii. Therefore healthcare can be provided free of charge;
  
- 5. Expresses its hope for non governmental organizations such as Doctors without borders, or the Red Cross to provide basic care for citizens in developing nations
  - a. These are already funded by the United Nations
  - b. These can also be mainly focused in areas of high mortality
  - c. Aids the doctors and nurses by providing them with experience and jobs.